

# Features and Benefits

### • 513 full frames per sec

Fast frame rates ideal for ion signalling microscopy and adaptive optics

### • TE cooling to -100°C

Critical for elimination of dark current detection limit

#### OptAcquire

Optimize the highly flexible iXon<sub>3</sub> for different application requirements at the click of a button

#### Count Convert

Quantitatively capture and view data in electrons or incident photons. Real-time or post-processing

### RealGain™

Absolute EMCCD gain selectable directly from a linear and quantitative scale

### • Spurious Noise Filters

Intelligent algorithms to filter clock induced charge events from the background. Real time or post-processing

### • Cropped Sensor Mode

Specialised acquisition mode for continuous imaging with fastest possible temporal resolution

### iCam

The market-leading exposure time fast-switching software

### UltraVac™ ¹¹

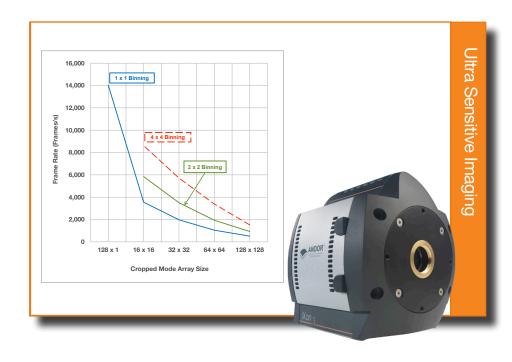
Critical for sustained vacuum integrity and to maintain unequalled cooling and QE performance, year after year

- Superior Baseline Clamp and EM stability
   Quantitative accuracy of dynamic
   measurements
- Real Time Signal Averaging

Recursive and frame averaging functions for improved SNR

### Built-in C-mount compatible shutter (optional)

Easy means to record reference dark images



# Lightning Speed & Ultra-Sensitivity

Andor's iXon<sub>3</sub> 860 back-illuminated EMCCD is designed for very rapid imaging of low light events, combining > 500 frames/sec with single photon detection capability and > 90% Quantum Efficiency. Thermoelectric cooling down to -100°C minimizes EM-amplified darkcurrent, whereas Andor's 'overclocked' vertical shift speeds minimize both clock induced charge noise and vertical smear during frame transfer.

The iXon<sub>3</sub> 860 benefits from an advanced set of user–requested features, including OptAcquire, Count Convert, Spurious Noise Filters & Signal Averaging. RealGain™ provides quantitative EM gain calibration.

Sub-millisecond biology is readily accessible through use of sub-array selection, pixel binning and Cropped Sensor Mode pushes frame rates to new extremes. The speed and sensitivity of the iXon<sub>3</sub> 860 also renders it ideal for adaptive optics.

# Specifications Summary \*2

Active pixels	128 x 128
Pixel size (W x H)	24 x 24 μm
Active area pixel well depth	160,000 e <sup>-</sup>
Gain register pixel well depth	800,000 e <sup>-</sup>
Maximum readout rate	10 MHz
Frame rate	513 - 14,025 fps
Read noise	< 1e <sup>-</sup> with EM gain
Maximum cooling	-100°C



# System Specifications \*2

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Model number	860	
Sensor options	#BV: Back Illuminated CCD, Vis optimized UVB: Back Illuminated CCD with UV coating	
Active pixels	128 x 128	
Pixel size	24 x 24 μm	
Image area	3.1 x 3.1 mm with 100% fill factor	
Minimum temperature, air cooled, ambient 20°C Recirculator liquid cooling, coolant @ 22°C, >0.75l/min Chiller liquid cooling, coolant @ 10°C, >0.75l/min	-85°C -95°C -100°C	
Digitization	True 14 bit @ 10, 5, 3 & 1 MHz readout rate (optional 16-bit available @ 1 MHz)	
Triggering	Internal, External Start, External Exposure, Software Trigger	
System window type	#BV sensor: UV-grade fused silica, 'Broadband VIS-NIR', wedged UVB sensor: UV-grade fused silica, 'Broadband VUV-NIR', unwedged	
Blemish specification	Grade 1 sensor from supplier. Camera blemishes as defined by Andor Grade A <a href="https://www.andor.com/learning-academy/ccd-blemishes-and-non-uniformities-black-pixels-and-hot-pixels-on-a-ccd-sensor">www.andor.com/learning-academy/ccd-blemishes-and-non-uniformities-black-pixels-and-hot-pixels-on-a-ccd-sensor</a>	

# Advanced Performance Specifications <sup>2</sup>

Dark current and background events *3,4  Dark current (e-/pixel/sec) @ -85°C  Spurious background (events/pix) @ 1000x gain and -85°C	0.002 0.05		
Active area pixel well depth	160,000 e <sup>-</sup>		
Gain register pixel well depth *5	800,000 e <sup>-</sup>		
Pixel readout rates	10, 5, 3, 1 MHz		
Read noise (e) *6	Without Electron Multiplication	With Electron Multiplication	
10 MHz through EMCCD amplifier 5 MHz through EMCCD amplifier 3 MHz through EMCCD amplifier 1 MHz through EMCCD amplifier	48 40 28 18	<1 <1 <1 <1	
Linear absolute Electron Multiplier gain	1 - 1000 times via RealGain™ (calibration stable at all cooling temperatures)		
Linearity *7	Better than 99%		
Vertical clock speed	0.0875 to 0.45 μs (variable)		

# Frame Rates (Standard Mode) \*\*

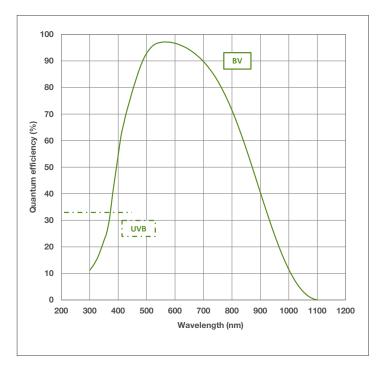
	Array size				
Binning	128 x 128	64 x 64	32 x 32 & 128 x 32	16 x 16	128 x 1
1 x 1	513	943	1639	2500	4348
2 x 2	926	1588	2439	3333	-
4 x 4	1515	2272	3125	3704	-

# Frame Rates (Cropped Mode) \*\*

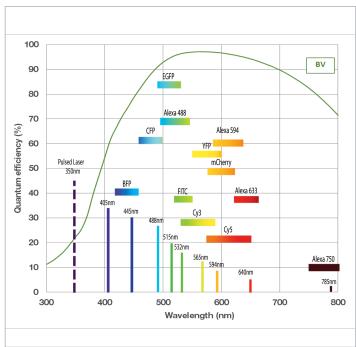
	Array size			
Binning	64 x 64	32 x 32 & 128 x 32	16 x 16	128 x 1
1 x 1	1044	1975	3551	14025
2 x 2	1937	3503	5841	-
4 x 4	3385	5711	8620	-



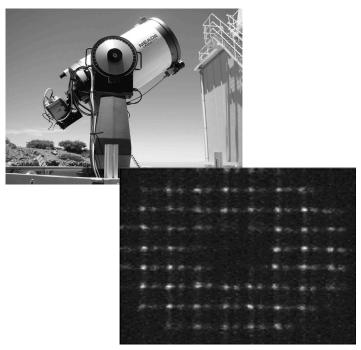
# Quantum Efficiency Curves "



# QE vs. Fluorophores Curve



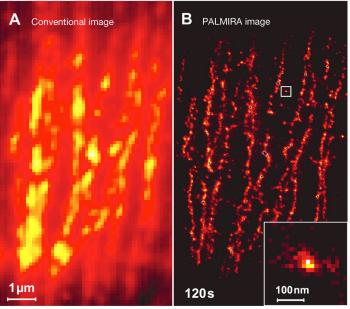
# **Application Image**



Slope Detection and Ranging (SLODAR) double star technique using the 860 model with 2 ms exposure time. The camera is shown at the European Southern Observatory (ESO) site at Cero Paranal in Chile, mounted on a 40cm Schmidt-Cassegrain telescope and operated through Linux. The image shows an example Shack-Hartmann wavefront sensing frame.

Courtesy of Dr Richard Wilson, Centre for Advanced Instrumentation, University of Durham.

# Application Image

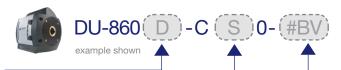


Conventional (A) and PALMIRA (B) super-resolution image of stained-tubulin intact PtK2 cell imaged with the high speed 860 model operating at 500 fps. PALMIRA is a single molecule super-resolution approach, employing an asynchronous acquisition mode in which readout and photo-switching are independently operated.

Courtesy of Alexander Egner and Stefan Hell, Department of NanoBiophotonics, Max Planck Institute for Biophysical Chemistry, Gçttingen, Germany.



# Creating The Optimum Product for You



# Step 1. Choose the digitization option

	Description	Code
	0, 5, 3 & 1 MHz readout @ 14 bit	D
Digitisation	10, 5, & 3 MHz readout @ 14 bit and 1 MHz @ 16 bit	Е
option		



# Step 2. Choose the shutter option



Shutter

Description	Code
Standard built-in mechanical shutter	S
No Shutter	0

# Step 4. Select an alternative camera window (optional)



Camera Window The standard window has been selected to satisfy most applications. However, other options are available. The alternative camera window code must be specified at time of ordering.

To view and select other window options please refer to the 'Camera Windows Supplementary Specification Sheet' which gives the transmission characteristics, product codes and procedure for entering the order. Further detailed information on the windows can be found in the Technical note – 'Camera Windows: Optimizing for Different Spectral Regions'.

### Step 5. Select the required accessories



Description	Order Code
Optomask accessory, used to mask unwanted sensor area during Crop Mode acquisition.	OPTMSK-L
Re-circulator for enhanced cooling performance	XW-RECR
Oasis 160 Ultra compact chiller unit	ACC-XW-CHIL-160
C-mount to Nikon F-mount adapter	OA-CNAF
C-mount to Olympus adapter	OA-COFM
C-mount to T-mount adapter	OA-CTOT

### Step 6. Select the PCIe Controller card and the required software

The iXon<sub>3</sub> 860 requires a PCI or PCIe controller card:

CCI-24

Note: The CCI-24 PCIe controller card is not compatible with PCs with Intel C612 chipsets.

The iXon<sub>3</sub> 860 requires one of the following software options:



Solis Imaging A 32-bit and fully 64-bit enabled application for Windows (Vista, 7 and 8) offering rich functionality for data acquisition and processing. AndorBasic provides macro language control of data acquisition, processing, display and export.

**Andor SDK** A software development kit that allows you to control the Andor range of cameras from your own application. Available as 32 and 64-bit libraries for Windows (Vista, 7 and 8), compatible with C/C++, C#, Delphi, VB6, VB.NET, LabVIEW and Matlab. Linux SDK compatible with C/C++.

**Andor iQ** A comprehensive multi-dimensional imaging software package. Offers tight synchronization of EMCCD with a comprehensive range of microscopy hardware, along with comprehensive rendering and analysis functionality. Modular architecture for best price/performance package on the market.

### Third party software compatibility

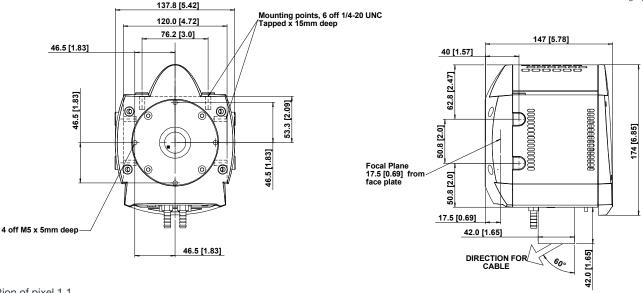
Drivers are available so that the iXon3 range can be operated through a large variety of third party imaging packages. See Andor web site for detail: andor.com/software/



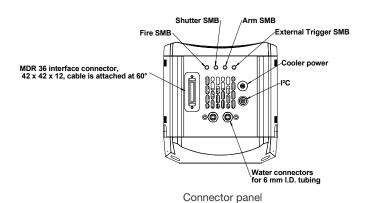
# **Product Drawings**

Dimensions in mm [inches]





= position of pixel 1,1Weight: 3.4 kg [7 lb 8 oz]



# Connecting to the iXon3

### **Camera Control**

Connector type: PCI or PCIe

### TTL / Logic

Connector type: SMB, provided with SMB - BNC cable Fire (Output), Shutter (Output), Arm (Output), External Trigger (Input)

### I<sup>2</sup>C connector

Compatible with Fischer SC102A053-130, pinouts as follow:  $1 = l^2C$  Clock,  $2 = l^2C$  Data, 3 = Ground, 4 = +5 Vdc

**Minimum cable clearance required at rear of camera** 90 mm

# **Typical Applications**

- ✓ Single Molecule Detection
- ✓ Calcium Flux
- √ Voltage Sensitive Dyes
- ✓ Adaptive Optics
- ✓ FRET
- ✓ Fluorescence Correlation Spectroscopy (FCS)





# Order Today

Need more information? At Andor we are committed to finding the correct solution for you. With a dedicated team of technical advisors, we are able to offer you one-to-one guidance and technical support on all Andor products. For a full listing of our local sales offices, please see: andor.com/contact

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### Japan Tokyo

Phone +81 (3) 6732 8968 Fax +81 (3) 6732 8939

#### China

Beijing

Phone +86 (10) 8271 9066 Fax +86 (10) 8271 9055

# Items shipped with your camera:

1x Disposable ESD wrist strap

2x 2m SMB to BNC connection cables 1x Power supply with mains cable 1x Quick launch guide 1x CD containing Andor user manuals 1x Individual system performance booklet

# Footnotes: Specifications are subject to change without notice

- Assembled in a state-of-the-art cleanroom facility, Andor's UltraVac™ vacuum process combines a permanent hermetic vacuum seal (no o-rings), with a stringent protocol to minimize outgassing, including use of proprietary materials.
- Figures are typical unless otherwise stated.
- The dark current measurement is averaged over the sensor area excluding any regions of blemishes.
- Using Electron Multiplication (EM) the iXon3 is capable of detecting single photons, therefore the true camera detection limit is set by the number of 'dark' background events. These background events consist of both residual thermally generated electrons and Clock Induced Charge (CIC) electrons (also referred to as Spurious Charge), each appearing as random single spikes that are well above the read noise floor. A thresholding scheme is employed to count these single electron events and is quoted as a probability of an event per pixel. Acquisition conditions are full resolution and max frame rate (10 MHz readout; frame-transfer mode; 0.1 µs vertical clock speed; x 1000 EM gain; 10 ms exposure; -85°C).
- 5. The EM register on CCD60 sensors has a linear response up to ~400,000 electrons and a full well depth of ~800.000 electrons.
- 6. Readout noise is for the entire system. It is a combination of sensor readout noise and A/D noise. Measurement is for Single Pixel readout with the sensor at a temperature of -75°C and minimum exposure time under dark conditions. Under Electron Multiplying conditions, the effective system readout noise is reduced to sub 1e- levels.
- 7. Linearity is measured from a plot of counts vs exposure time under constant photon flux up to the saturation point of the system.
- All measurements are made with 0.1 µs vertical clock speed. It also assumes internal trigger mode of
- Quantum efficiency of the sensor at 25°C, as supplied by the sensor manufacturer.

### **Recommended Computer Requirements:**

- 3.0 GHz single core or 2.6 GHz multi core processor
- 100 MB free hard disc to install software (at least 1 GB recommended for data spooling)
- PCI 2.2 or PCIe slot\*
- 10,000 rpm SATA hard drive preferred for extended kinetic series
- · Windows (Vista, 7 and 8) or Linux
- \* Note: The CCI-24 PCIe controller card is not compatible with PCs with Intel C612 chipsets.

### **Operating & Storage Conditions**

- Operating Temperature: 0°C to 30°C ambient
- Relative Humidity: < 70% (non-condensing)</li>
- Storage Temperature: -25°C to 50°C

### **Power Requirements**

• 100 - 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz



































